

In the Claims:

Please cancel claims 1-6 and 13-16, without prejudice, amend claims 7 and 11, and add new claims 17-19 as follows:

1-6. (Cancelled)

7. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display panel in which a liquid crystal into which an alignment control agent is added is filled between a pair of substrates to form a liquid crystal layer and an alignment regulate layer having a thickness less than a thickness of the liquid crystal layer is formed on liquid crystal side surfaces of the pair of substrates respectively by causing the alignment control agent to adhere thereon,

wherein the alignment regulate layer has a regulation power for aligning the molecules of the liquid crystal vertically to the substrate surface,

wherein the liquid crystal shows a nematic phase at an ordinary temperature and a dielectric anisotropy of the liquid crystal is negative,

wherein column-like spacers for maintaining an interval between the pair of substrates constant are arranged in areas between subpixels:four subpixels and between subpixels of at least two colors, and

wherein the liquid crystal contains a liquid crystal composition having a fluoro group.

8. (Original) A liquid crystal display panel according to claim 7, wherein the column-like spacers are formed by exposing and developing a photoresist.

9. (Cancelled)

10. (Original) A liquid crystal display panel according to claim 7, wherein the column-like spacers are formed at a rate of one spacer to plural pixels.

11. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a liquid crystal display panel, comprising the steps of:

forming column-like spacers in areas between four subpixels and between subpixels of at least two colors on at least one of a pair of substrates by exposing and developing a photoresist;

preparing the liquid crystal that shows a nematic phase at an ordinary temperature and has a negative dielectric anisotropy;

adding an alignment control agent into the liquid crystal;

arranging the pair of substrates to put the column-like spacers therebetween, and filling the liquid crystal into which the alignment control agent is added between the pair of substrates to form a liquid crystal layer; and

forming an alignment regulate layer by causing the alignment control agent to adhere onto liquid crystal side surfaces of the pair of substrates respectively,

wherein the alignment regulate layer has a regulation power for aligning the molecules of the liquid crystal vertically to the substrate surface, and

wherein a thickness of the alignment regulate layer is less than a thickness of the liquid crystal layerlayer, and

wherein the liquid crystal contains a liquid crystal composition having a fluoro group.

12. (Original) A method of manufacturing a liquid crystal display panel, according to claim 11, wherein acrylate monomer is used as the alignment control agent.

13-16. (Cancelled)

17. (New) A liquid crystal display panel according to claim 7, wherein the dielectric anisotropy $\Delta \epsilon$ of the liquid crystal is $\Delta \epsilon < -3$.

18. (New) A liquid crystal display panel according to claim 7, wherein acrylate monomer is used as the alignment control agent.

19. (New) A method of manufacturing a liquid crystal display panel according to claim 11, wherein the alignment regulate layer is formed by causing the alignment control agent being adhered onto the substrates to optically react.